

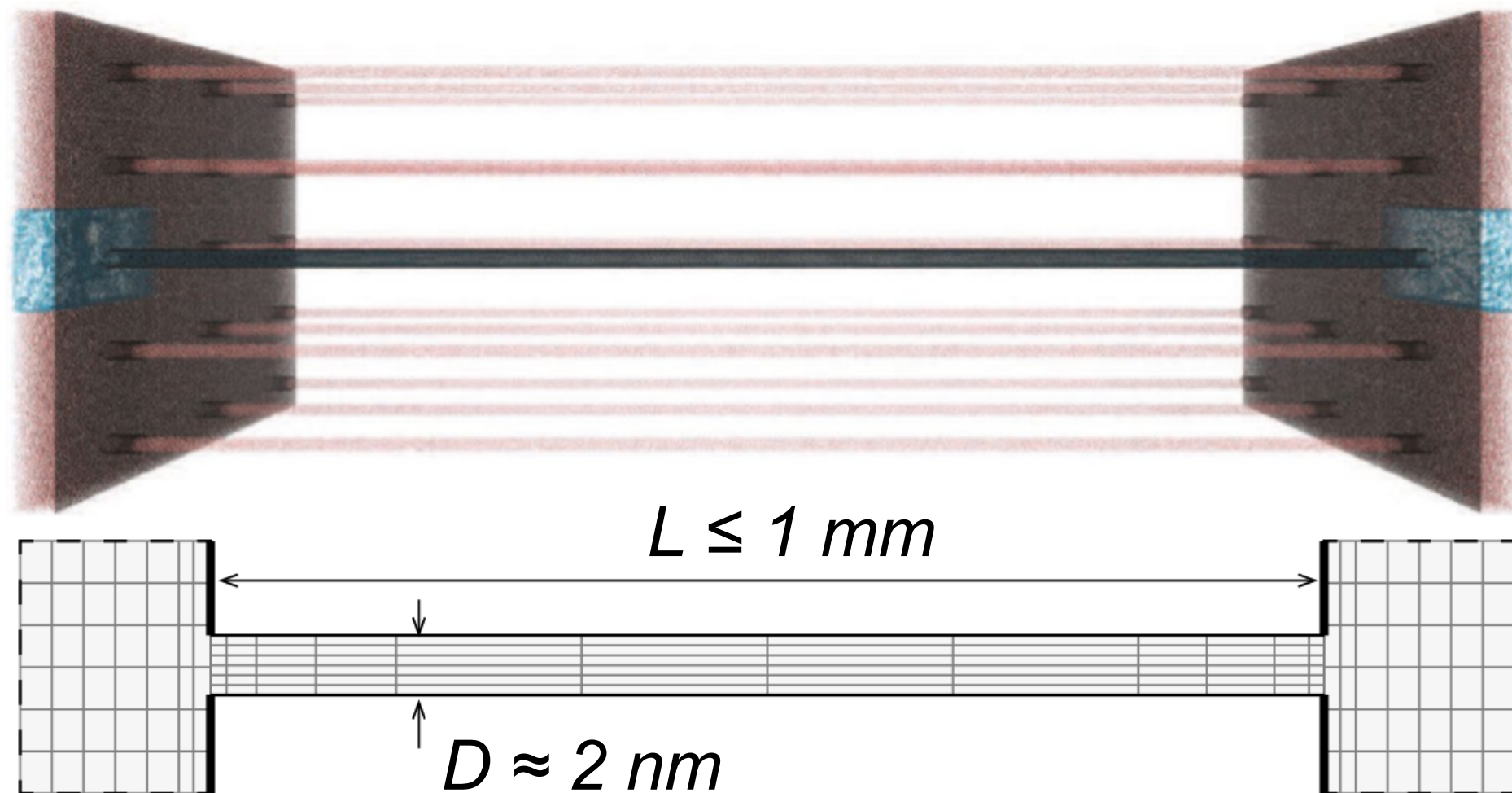
Coupling Software for Massively Parallel Molecular-Continuum Flow Simulation

Philipp Neumann

PIRE Annual Meeting

Hamburg, 19 June 2018

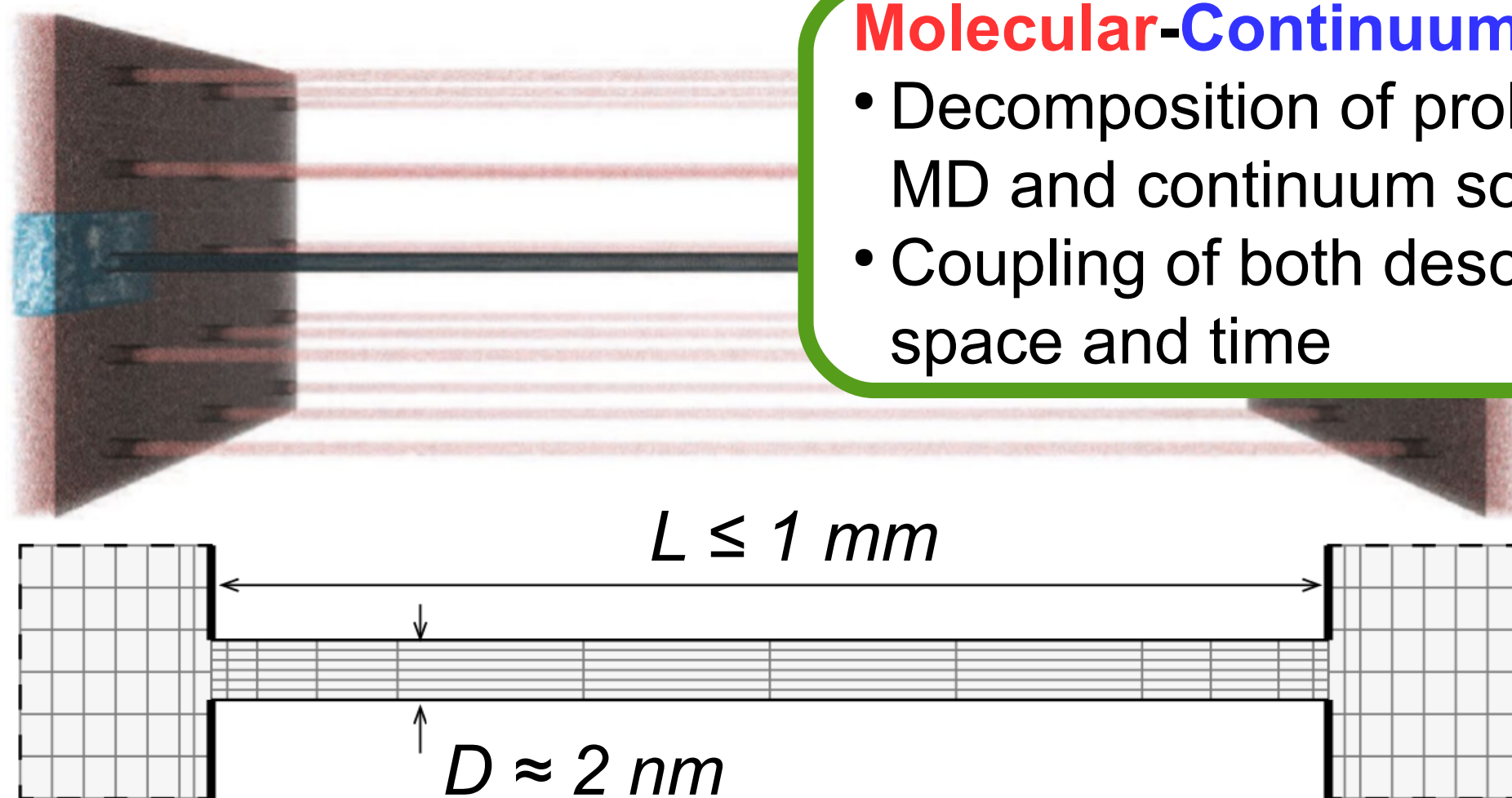
Motivation



K. Ritos et al. Microfluid Nanofluid 19:997-1010, 2015

- Water flow through carbon nanotube-based filtration membrane
- Navier-Stokes-Fourier description inaccurate in tubes
- Molecular dynamics simulation of complete system not affordable

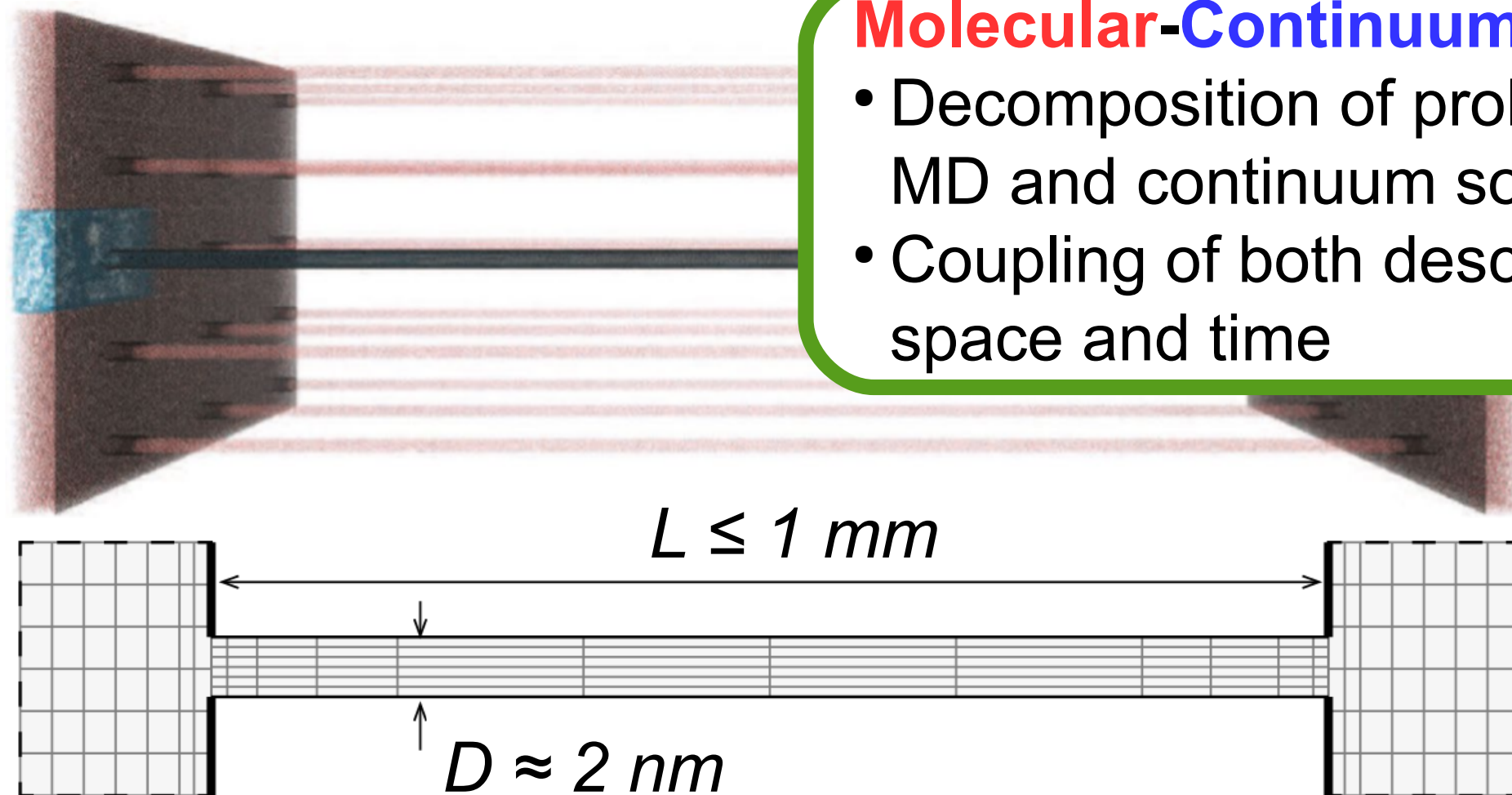
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Motivation



Molecular-Continuum Methods

- Decomposition of problem into MD and continuum solver
- Coupling of both descriptions in space and time

K. Ritos et al. Microfluid Nanofluid 19:997-1010, 2015

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Outline

Molecular Dynamics and Its Limits

Macro-Micro-Coupling Tool (MaMiCo)

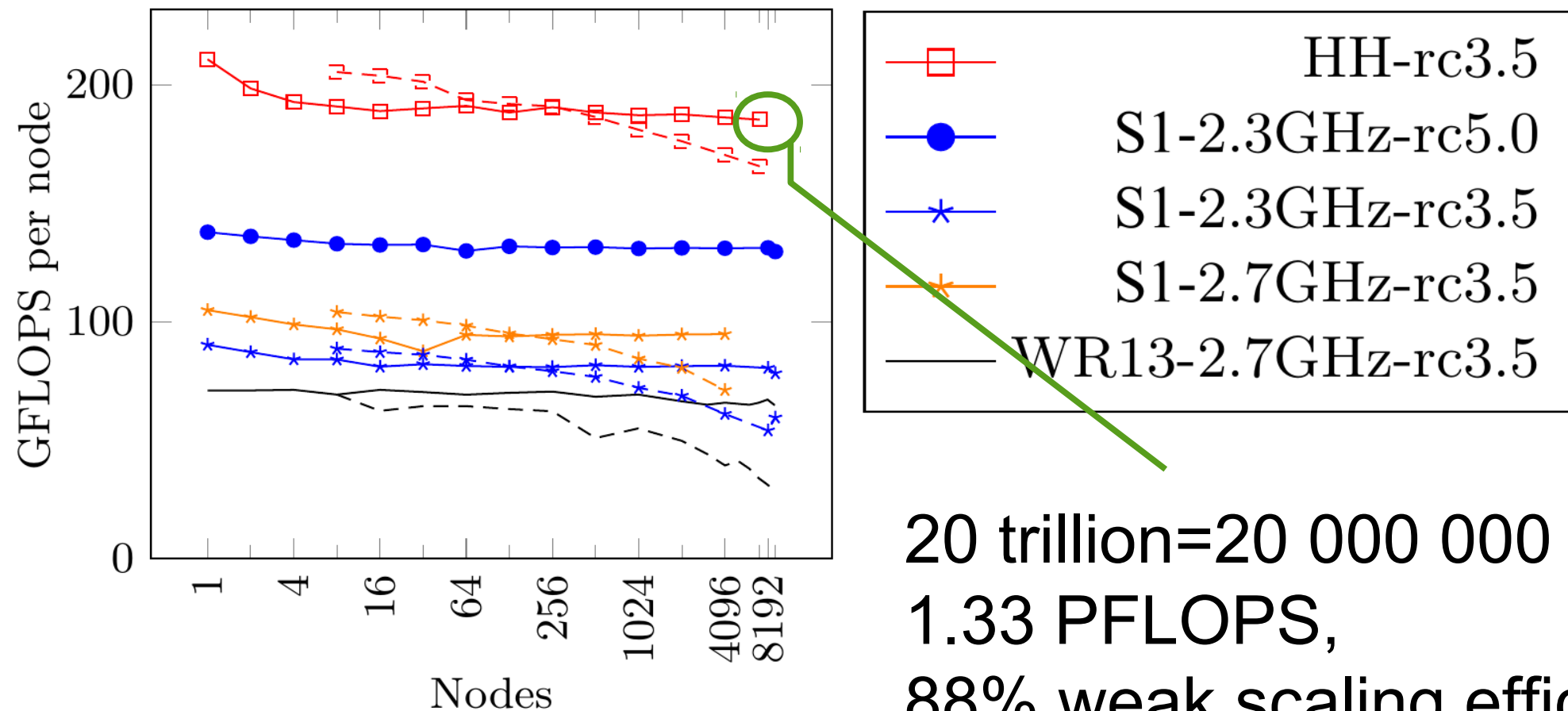
- Software Design

- Software Flexibility

- Multi-Instance Sampling

Summary and Outlook

Short-Range MD: Multi-Node

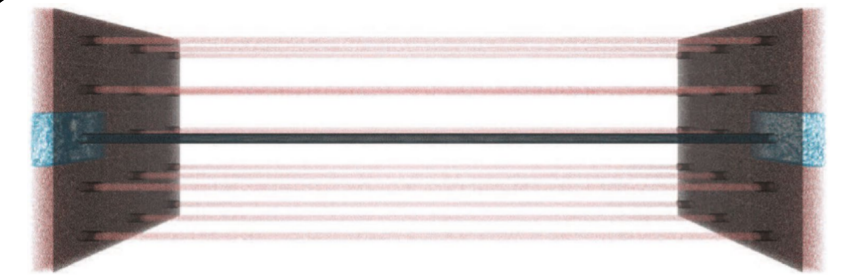
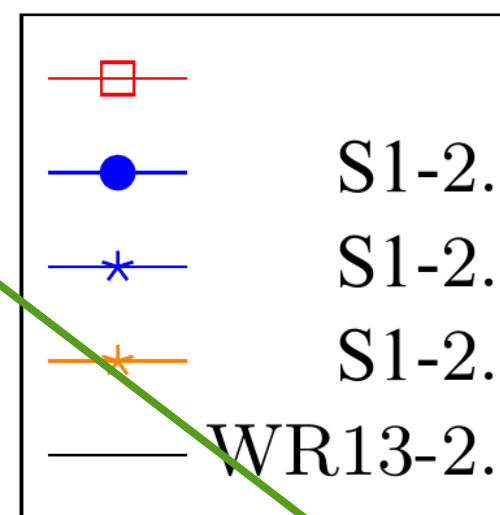
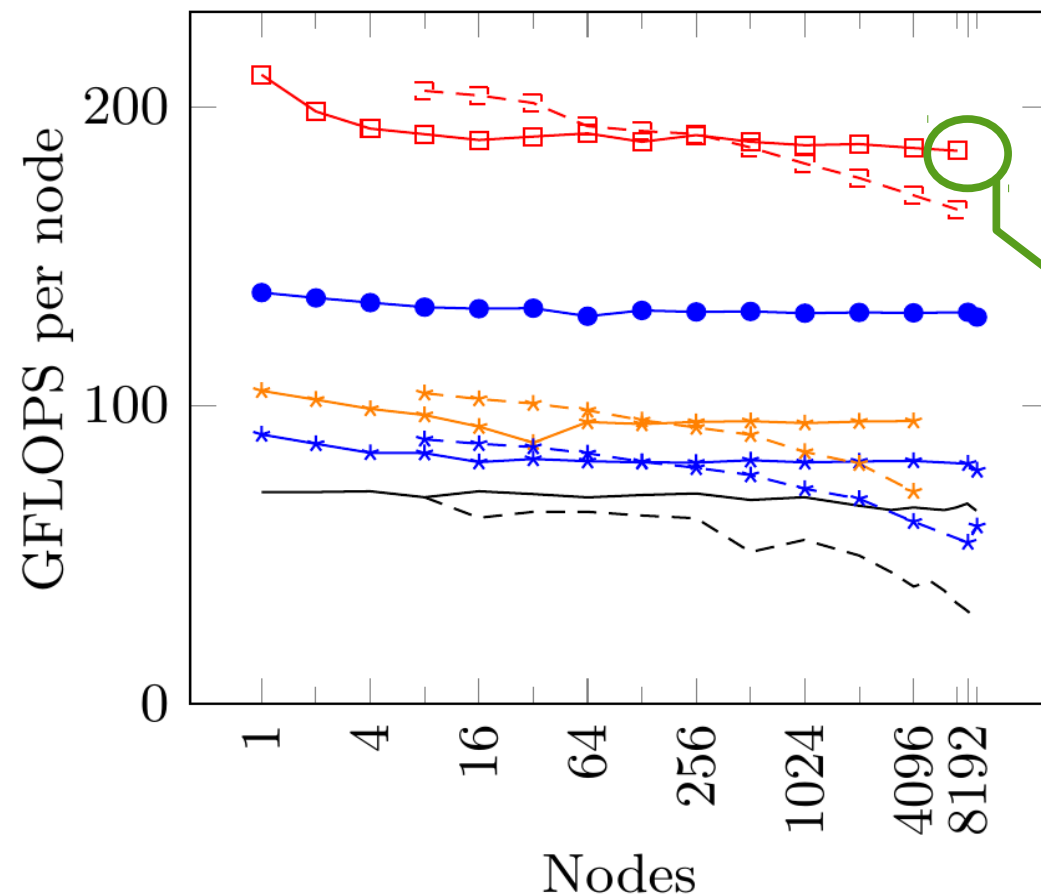


Example: ls1 mardyn

- Linked cells-based short-range MD
- Vectorized kernels via SIMD wrappers
- Different OpenMP schemes based on cell coloring and slicing
- MPI-parallel: Non-blocking collectives etc.

Tchipev, Seckler, ..., Bungartz, Neumann. TweTriS: Twenty Trillion-atom Simulation. Submitted, 2018

Short-Range MD: Multi-Node



1 "SLJ-water" tube
 ↔ 100 000 000 atoms
 but time scale $O(\text{sec})!$

20 trillion=20 000 000 000 000 atoms,
 1.33 PFLOPS,
 88% weak scaling efficiency

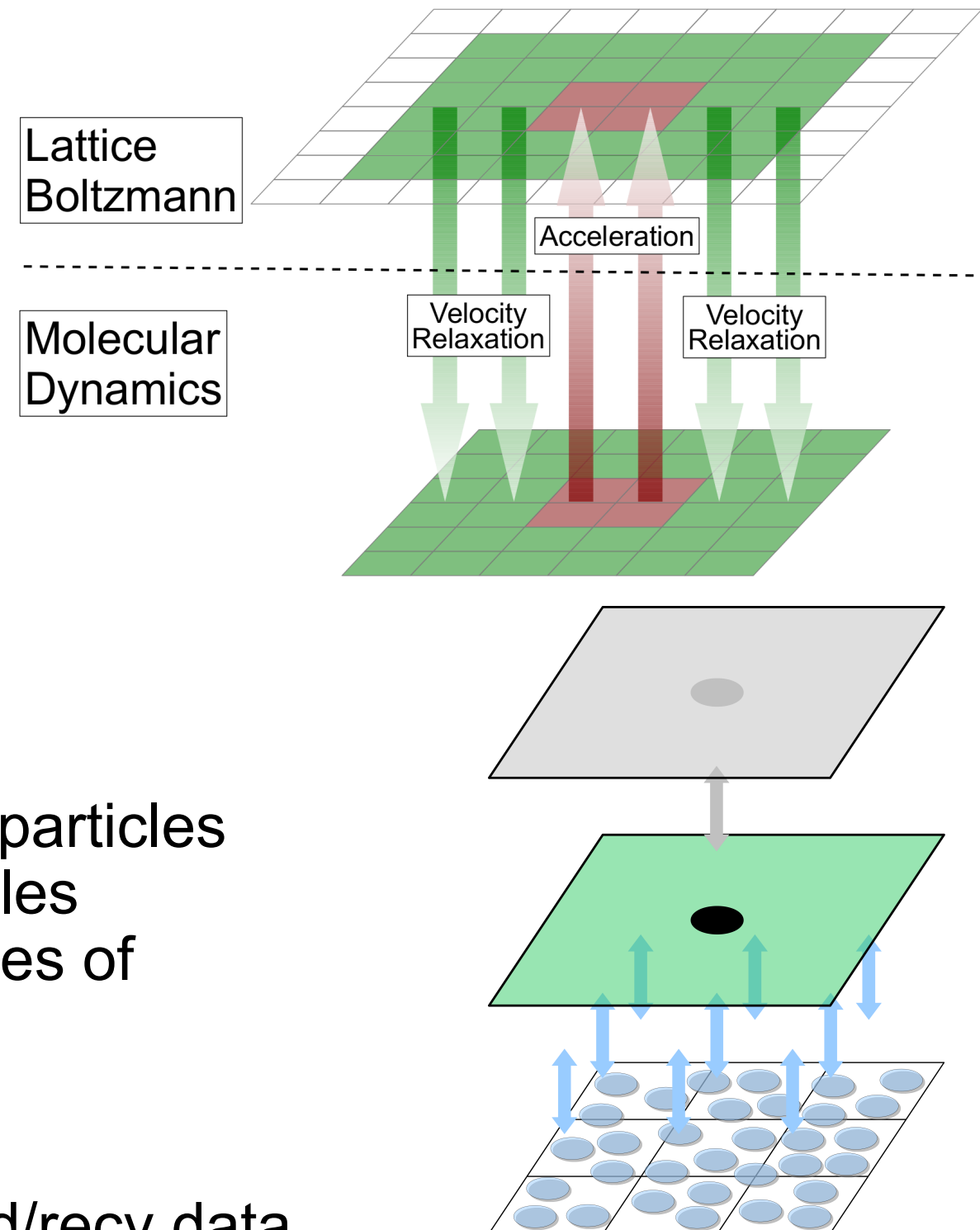
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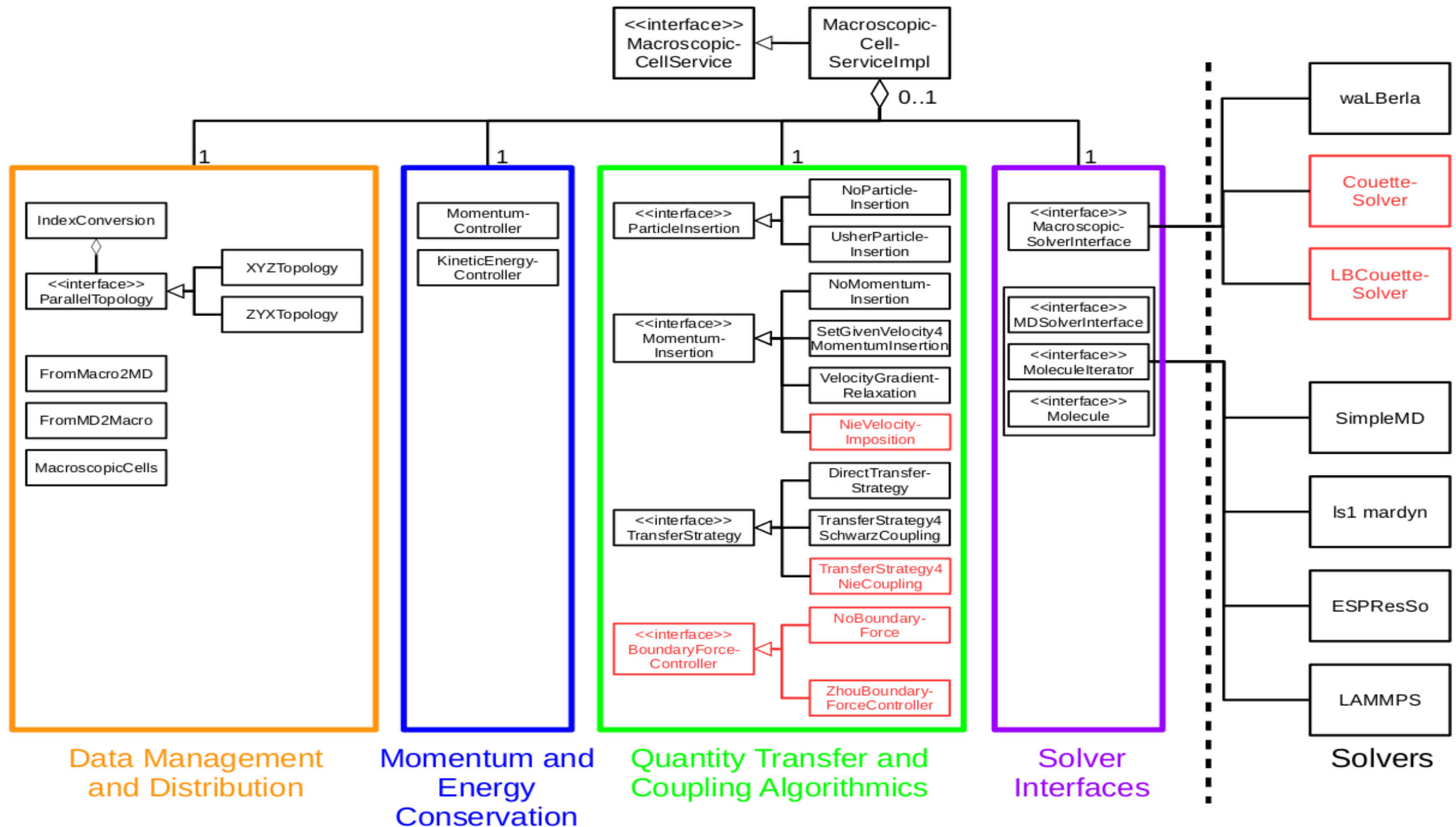
Tchipev, Seckler, ..., Bungartz, Neumann. TweTriS: Twenty Trillion-atom Simulation. Submitted, 2018

Macro-Micro-Coupling Tool (MaMiCo)

- C++-based, MPI-parallel
- 2D/3D support
- Steady-state and transient coupling
- **Cell structure** (re)used on particle solver side
- **Macroscopic cells**
 - used for data exchange with mesh-based solver
 - stored on particle solver process
- Interfaces
 - on particle side:
 - **Molecule** → access single particles
 - **MoleculeIterator** → traverse particles
 - **MDSolverInterface** → global properties of particle solver
 - on mesh-based solver side:
 - **MacroscopicSolverInterface**
→ contains cell-rank-mapping to send/recv data

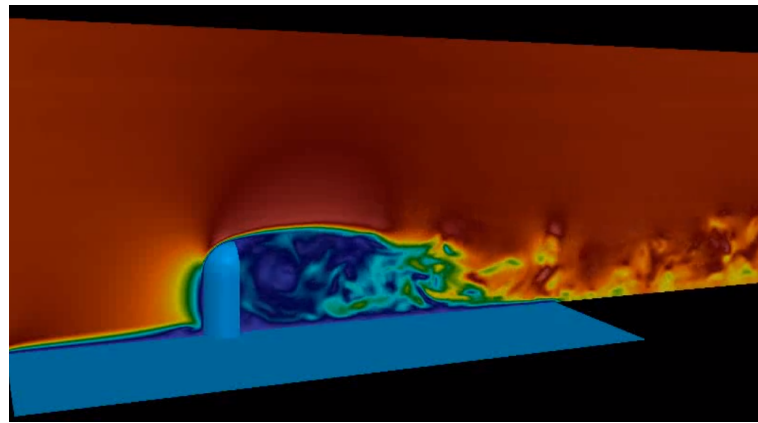


MaMiCo: Separation of Concerns

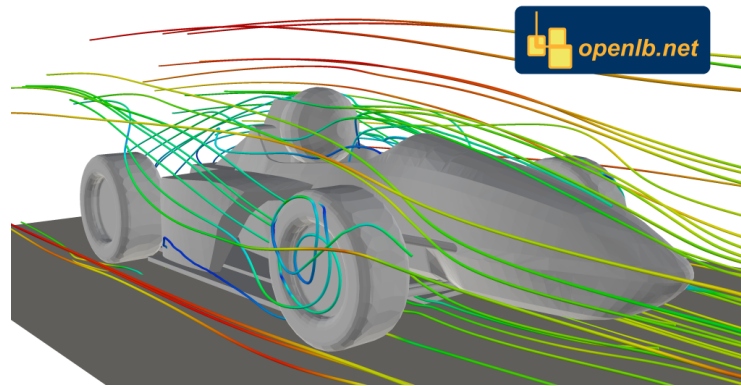


Neumann, Bian. Comput Phys Commun 220:390-402, 2017

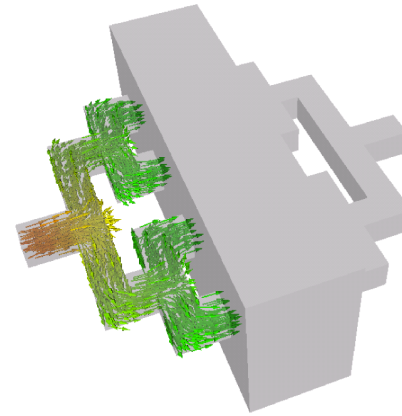
MaMiCo: Flexibility



Palabos



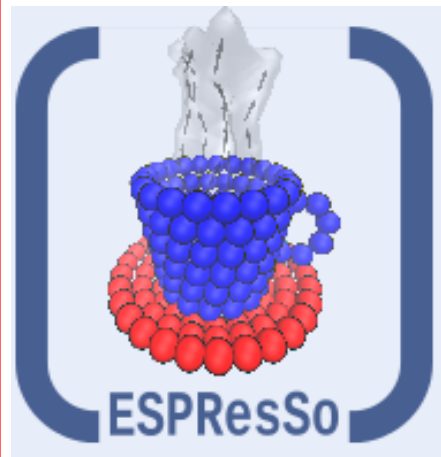
OpenLB



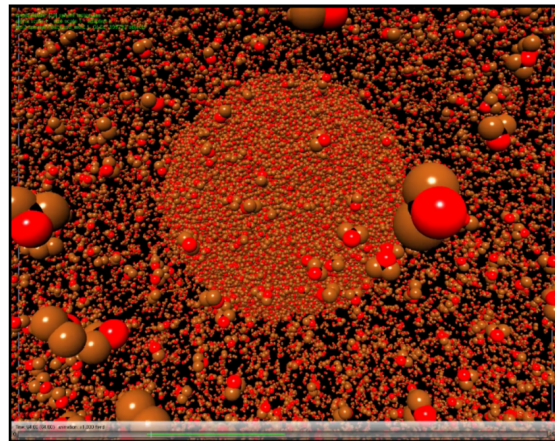
PeanoLB



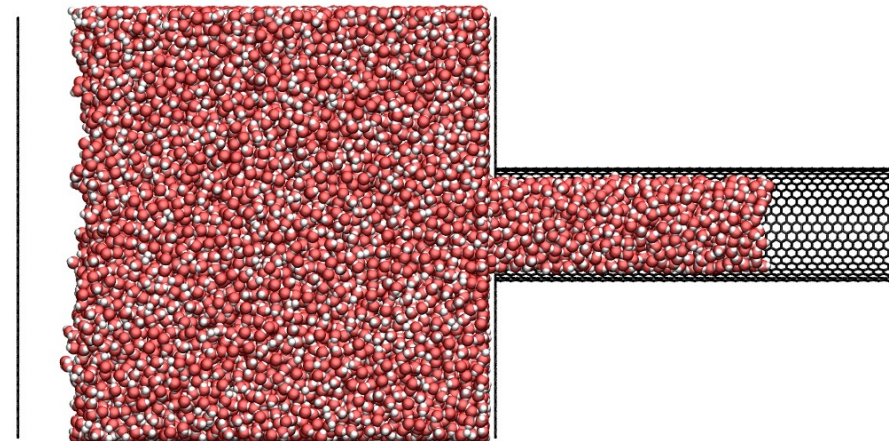
waLBerla



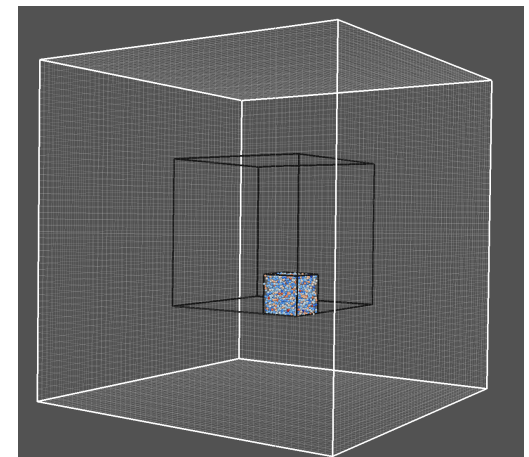
ESPResSo



Is1 mardyn



LAMMPS

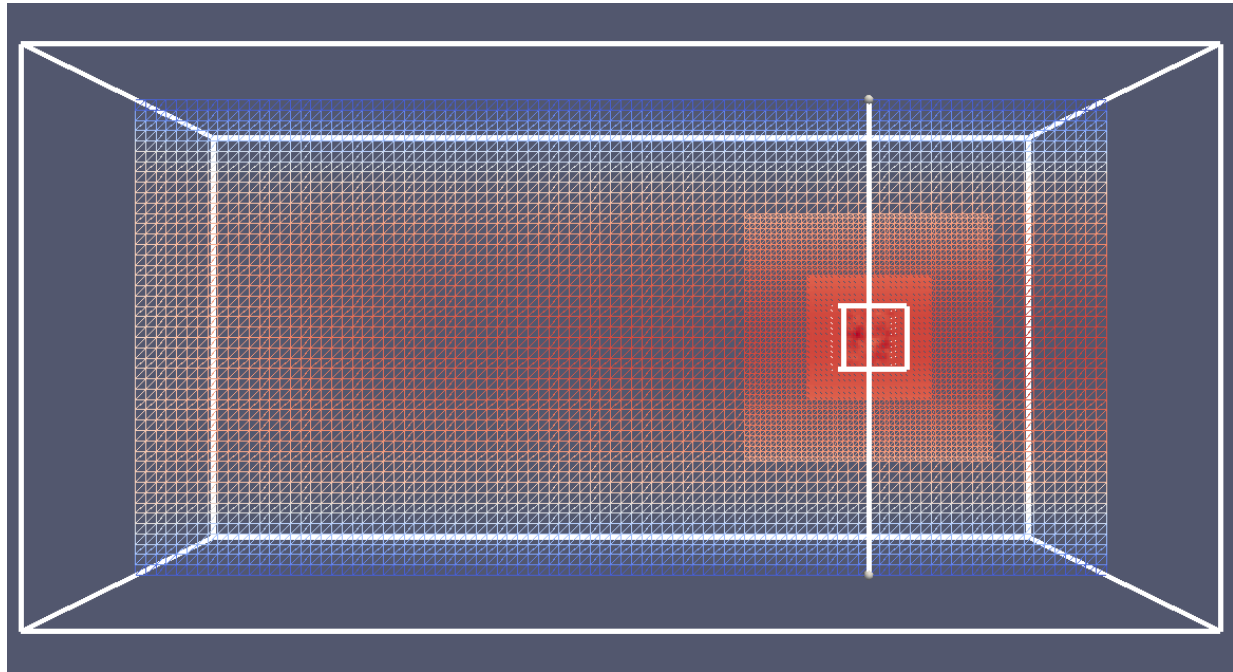


SimpleMD

P. Neumann et al. Comput Phys Commun. 200, pp. 324-335, 2016

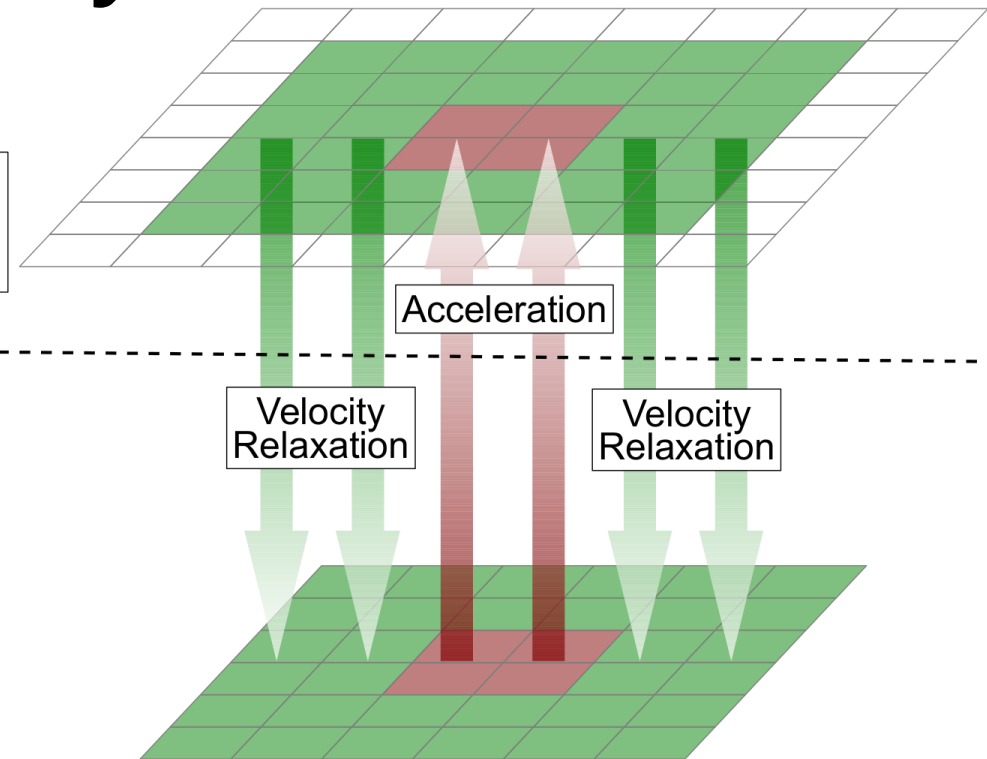
P. Neumann: Coupling Software for Massively Parallel Molecular-Continuum Flow Simulation

MaMiCo: Flexibility – Case Study Channel Flow



Lattice Boltzmann

Molecular Dynamics



- 3D coupling based on velocity exchange

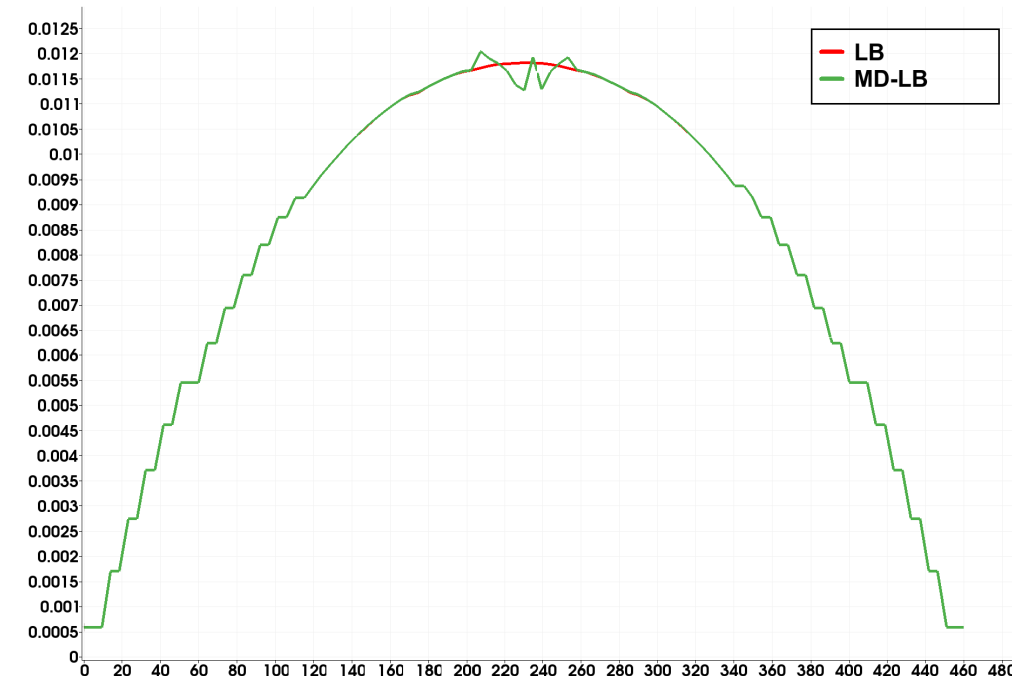
- MD → LB: Acceleration

$$f_i(\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{c}_i dt, t + dt) = f_i(\mathbf{x}, t) - \frac{1}{\tau} (f_i - f_i^{eq}) + g_i$$

$$g_i = w_i \frac{\mathbf{c}_i \mathbf{F}}{c_s^2}, \quad \mathbf{F} = \mu \cdot (\mathbf{u}^{target} - \mathbf{u}), \quad \mu \in (0, 1)$$

- LB → MD: Velocity relaxation

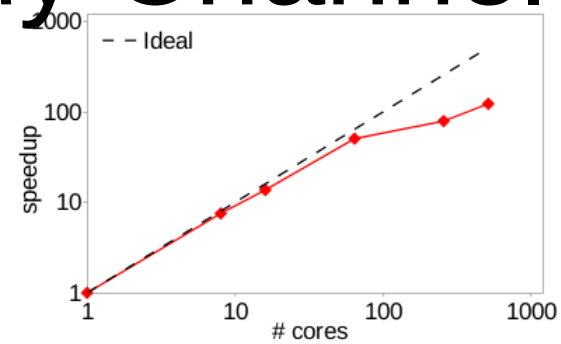
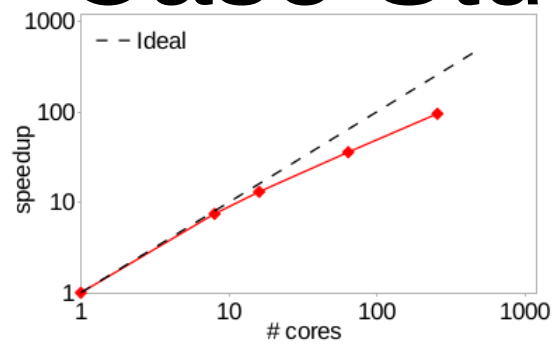
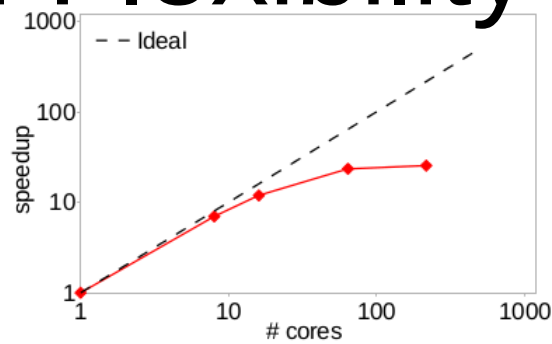
$$\mathbf{v}_i \leftarrow \mathbf{v}_i + \lambda \cdot (\mathbf{v}_{local}^{target} - \mathbf{v}_{local}^{avg}), \quad \lambda \in (0, 1)$$



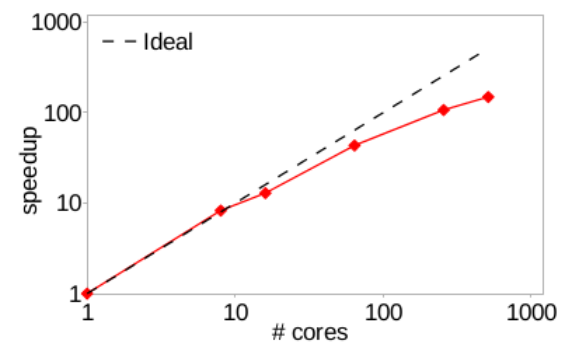
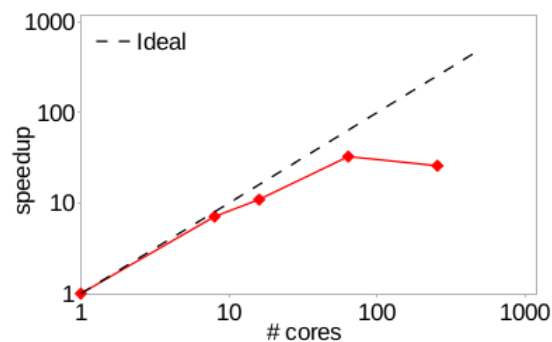
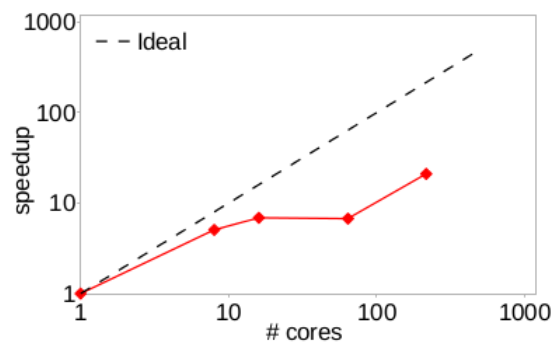
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MaMiCo: Flexibility – Case Study Channel Flow

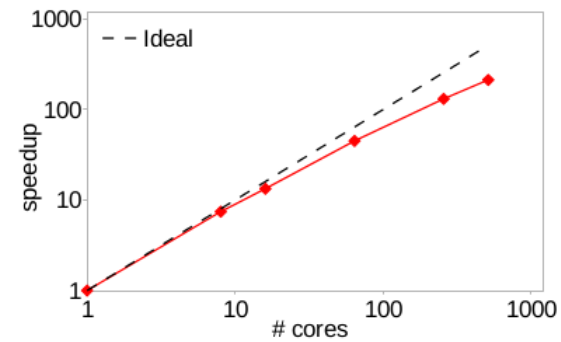
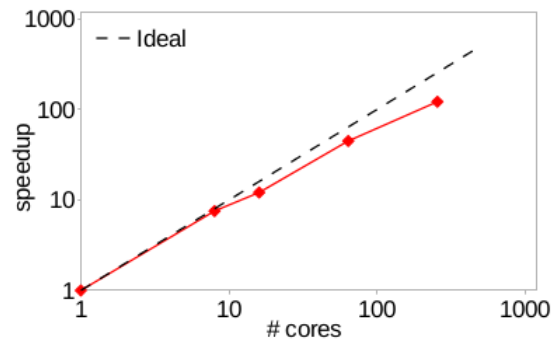
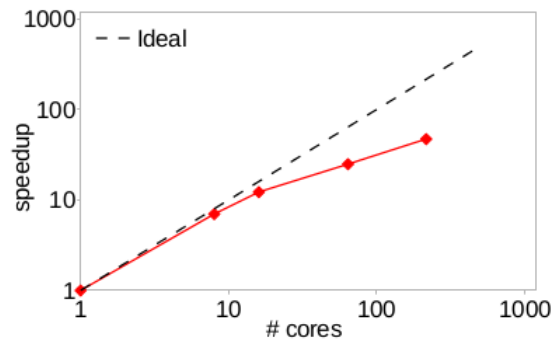
LAMMPS



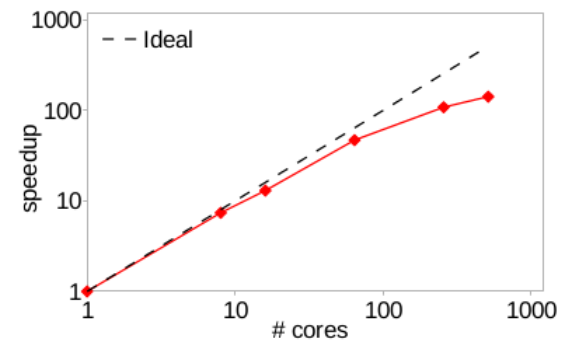
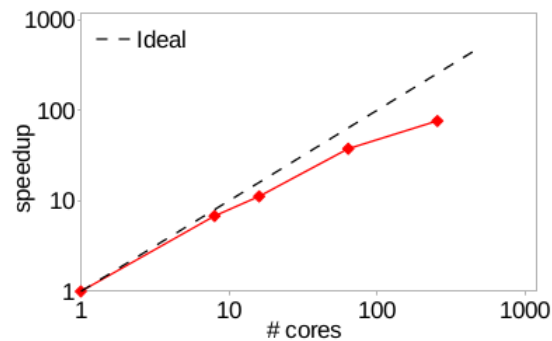
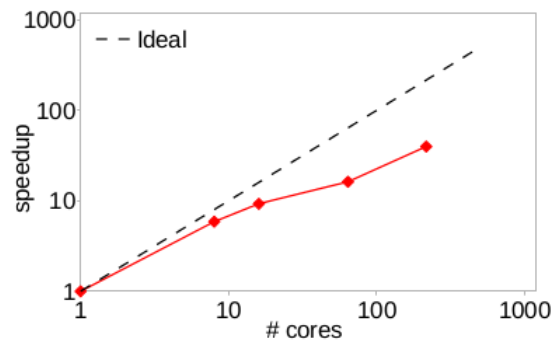
ls1 mardyn



ESPResSo



SimpleMD



MD-30

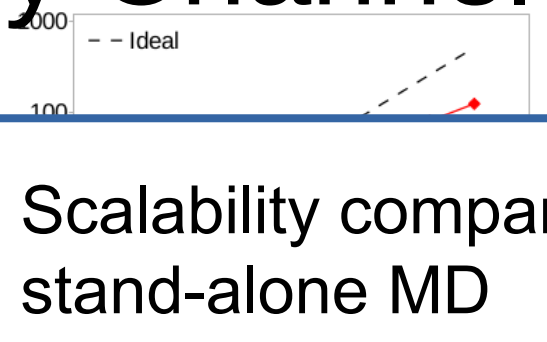
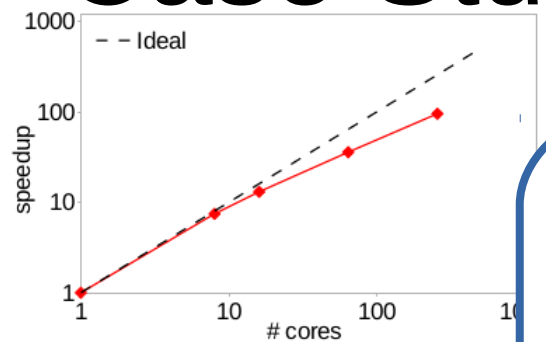
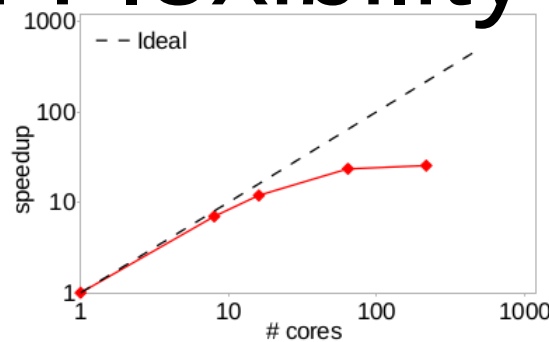
MD-60

MD-120

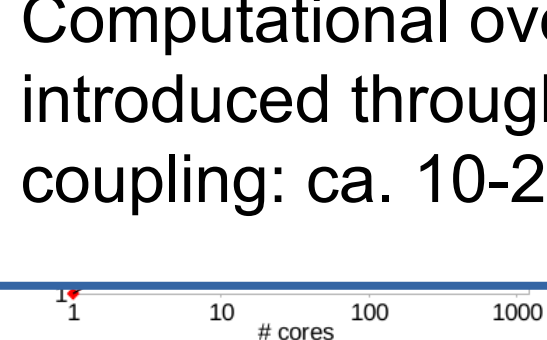
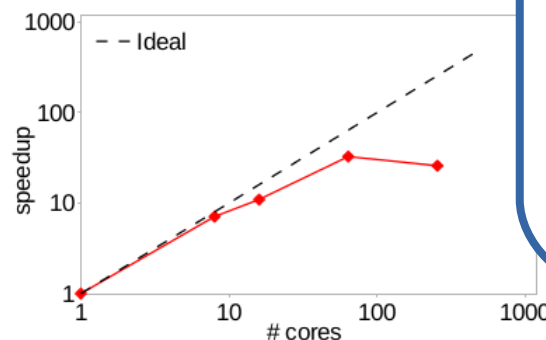
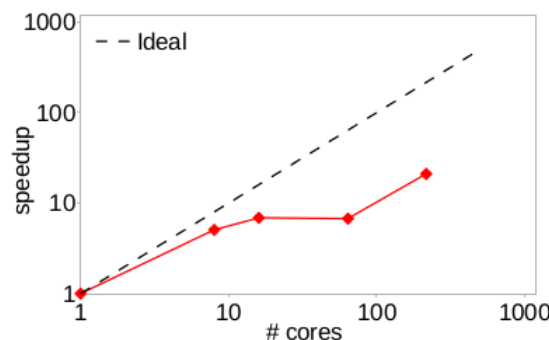
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MaMiCo: Flexibility – Case Study Channel Flow

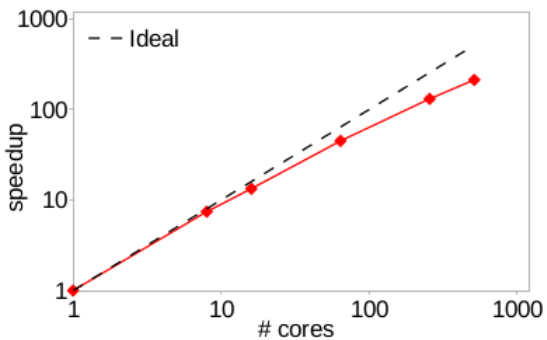
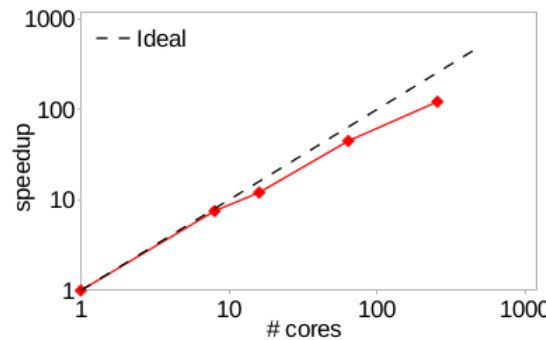
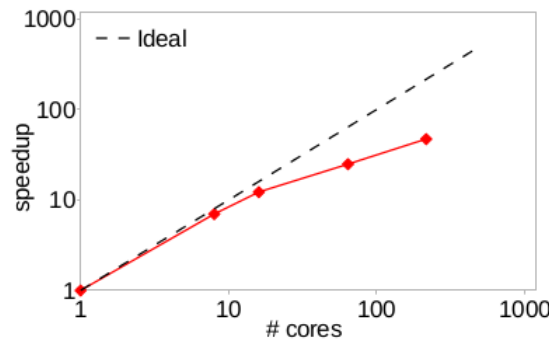
LAMMPS



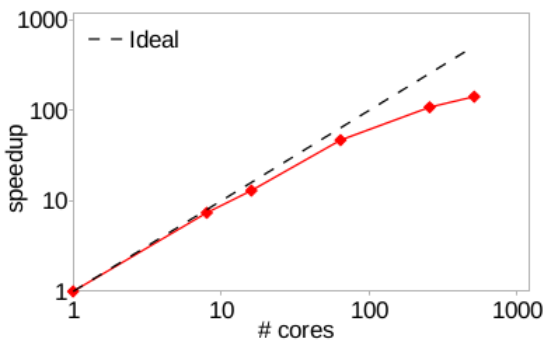
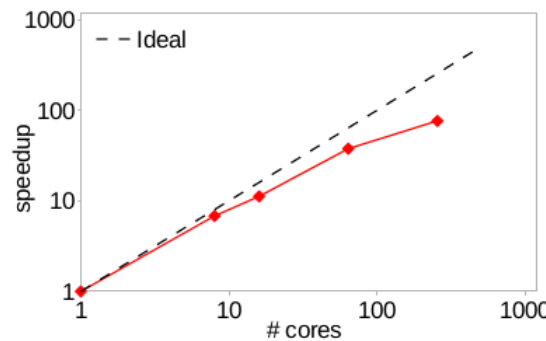
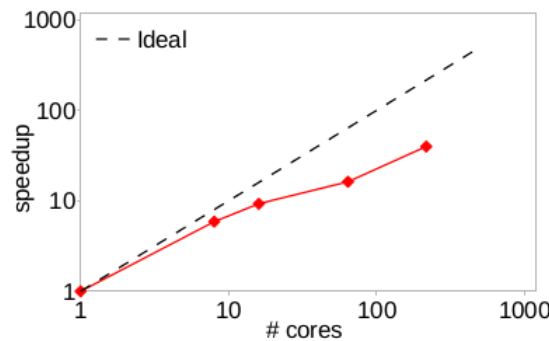
ls1 mardyn



ESPResSo



SimpleMD



- Scalability comparable to stand-alone MD
- Computational overhead introduced through coupling: ca. 10-20%

MD-30

MD-60

MD-120

P. Neumann et al. Comput Phys Commun. 200, pp. 324-335, 2016

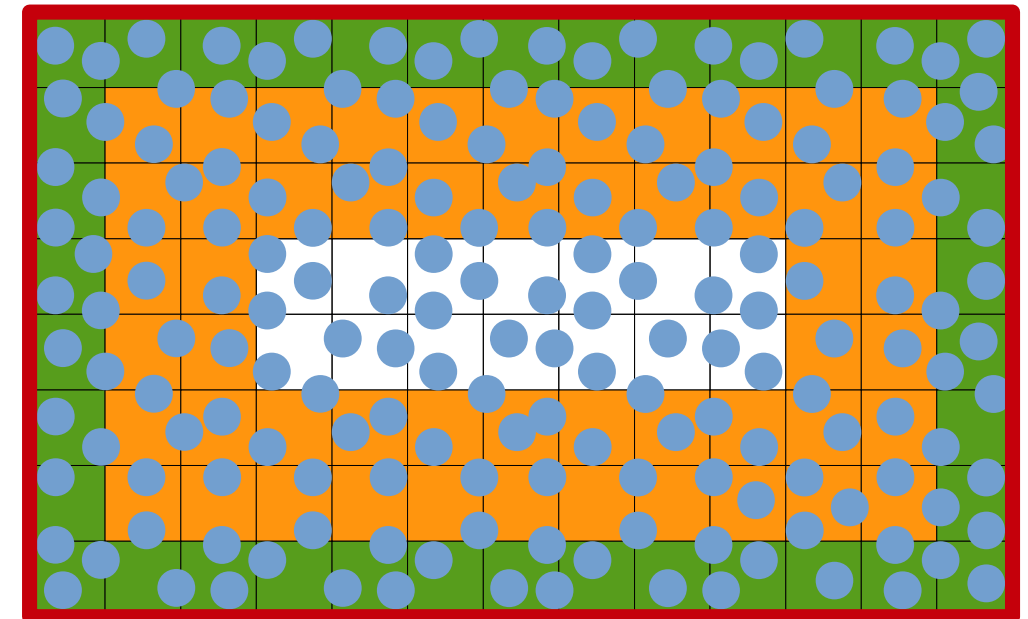
MaMiCo: Transient Coupling

- 3D one-way coupling
(but two-way communication)
- Continuum → MD: **Momentum imposition**¹

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{x}_i}{dt^2} = \frac{1}{m} \mathbf{F}_i - \frac{1}{N_m} \sum_{k=1}^N \mathbf{F}_k + \frac{D \mathbf{u}_{LB}}{Dt}$$

- Continuum → MD: **Mass flux imposition**^{2,3}
(USHER scheme)
- MD open boundaries: **Forcing scheme**⁴
- Couette flow: Parameters (MD | DPD)

$dx=2.5, dt^{\text{MD}}=0.005$		$dx=1.0, dt^{\text{DPD}}=0.005$
$(\rho, T)=(0.81, 1.1)$		$(\rho, T)=(3.0, 1.0)$
$u_{\text{wall}}=1.5, dt^{\text{LB}}=0.5$		$u_{\text{wall}}=1.5, dt^{\text{LB}}=0.5$
$H=50.0, H^{\text{MD}}=30.0$		$H=50.0, H^{\text{DPD}}=30.0$



- 1 Nie et al. J Fluid Mech 500:55-64, 2004
- 2 Delgado-Buscalioni, Coveney. J Chem Phys 119(2): 978-987, 2003
- 3 Neumann, Tchipev. ISPDC proceedings, pp. 111-118, 2012
- 4 Zhou et al. Microfluid Nanofluid 16(3): 587-595, 2014

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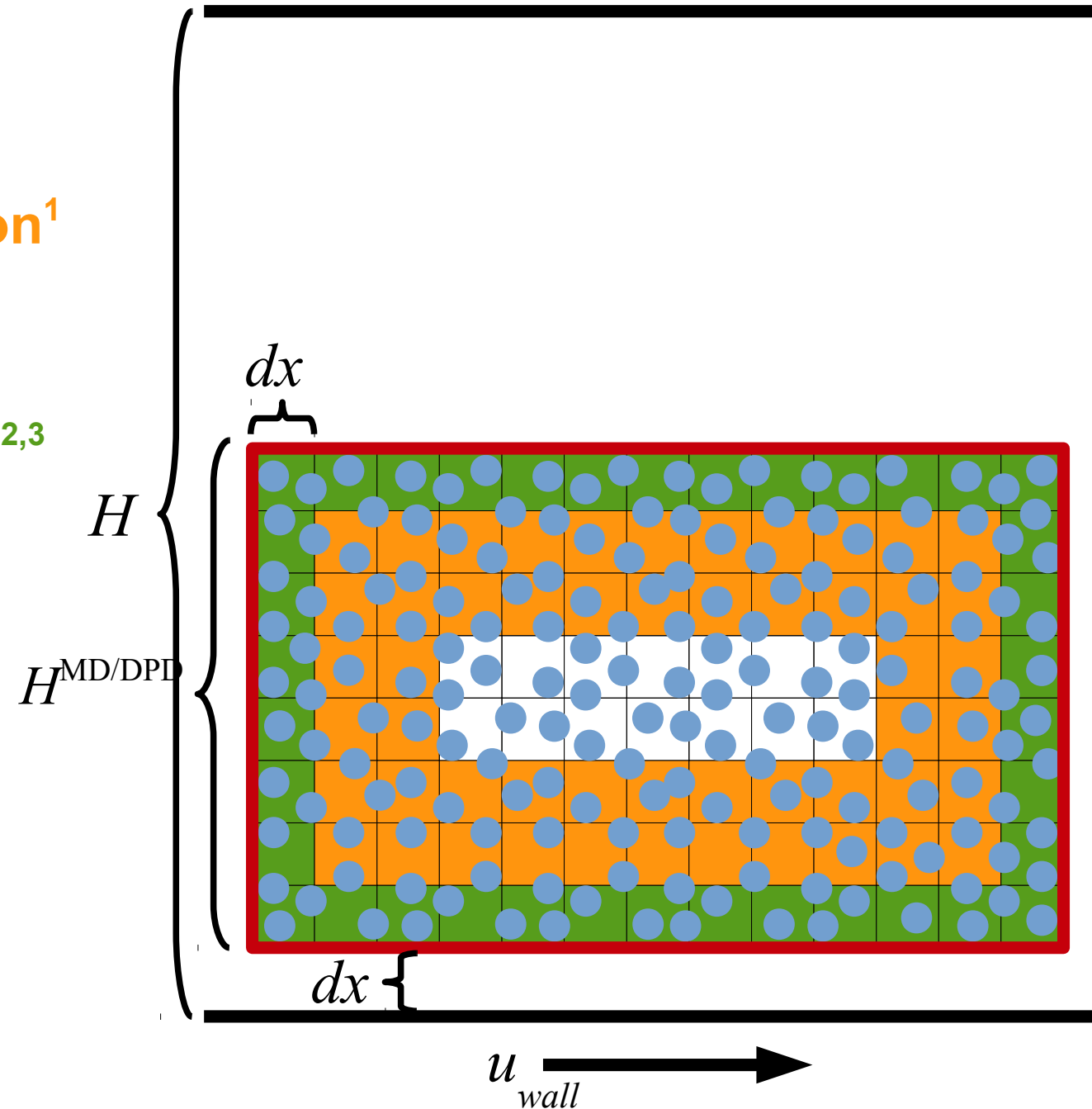
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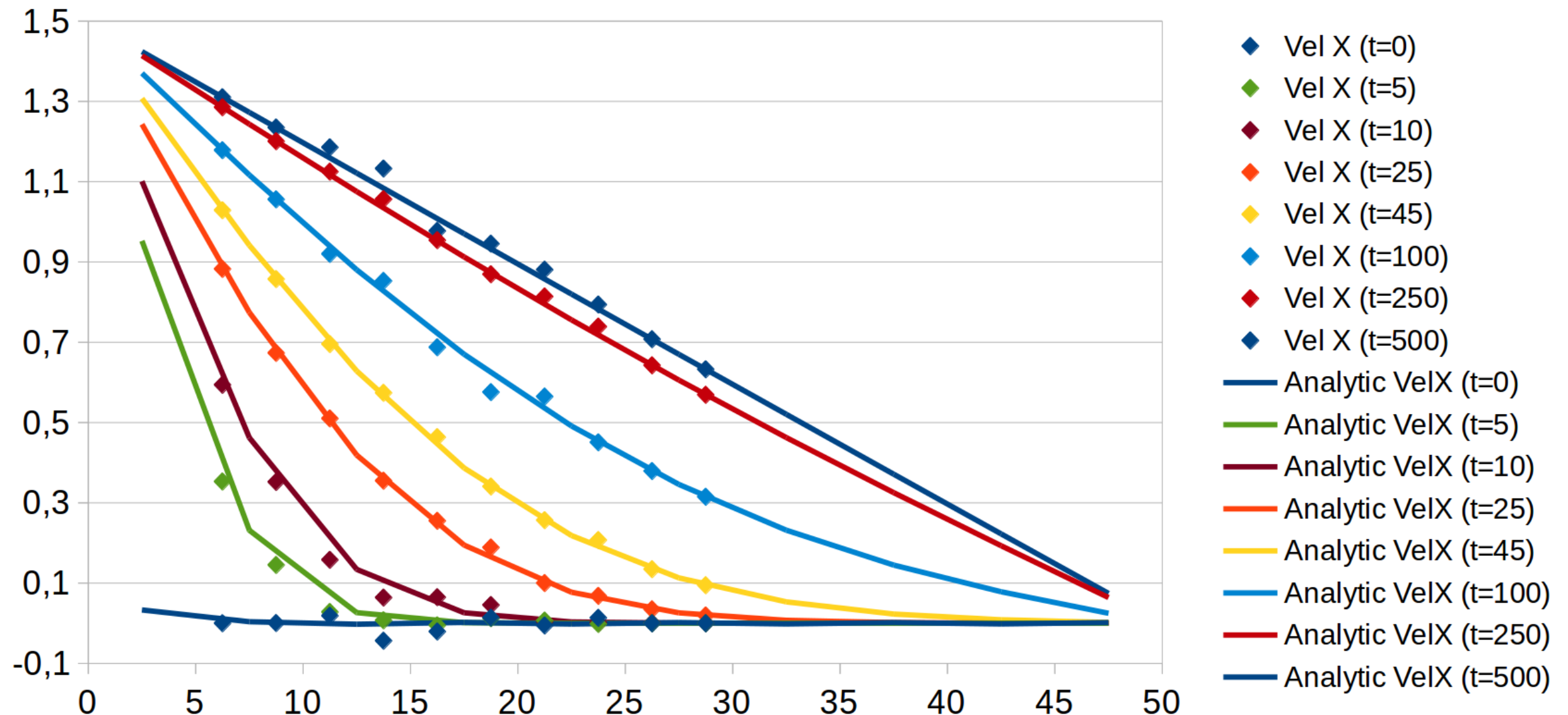
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MaMiCo: Couette Flow with SimpleMD



Issue 1: Sampled over all inner cells

→ 144 samples per z-layer

Issue 2: Mol-cont limited in scalability

→ MD domain size limited

Increasing Parallelism for Sampling



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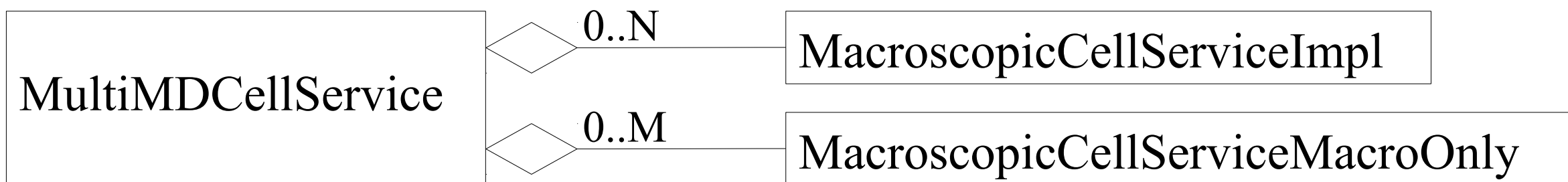
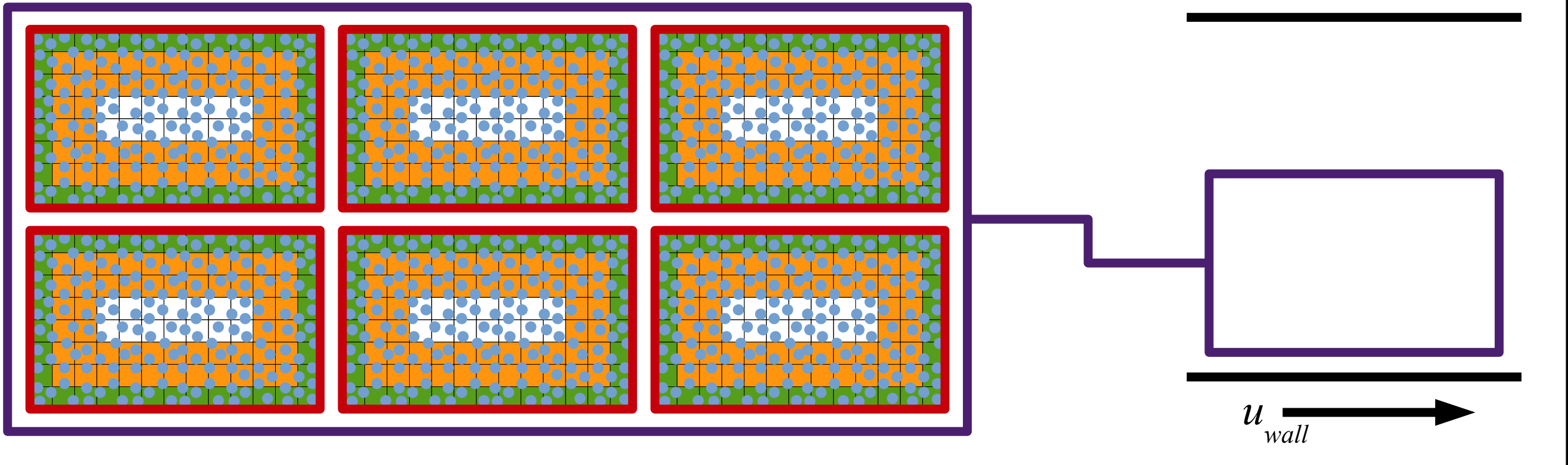
Increasing Parallelism for Sampling



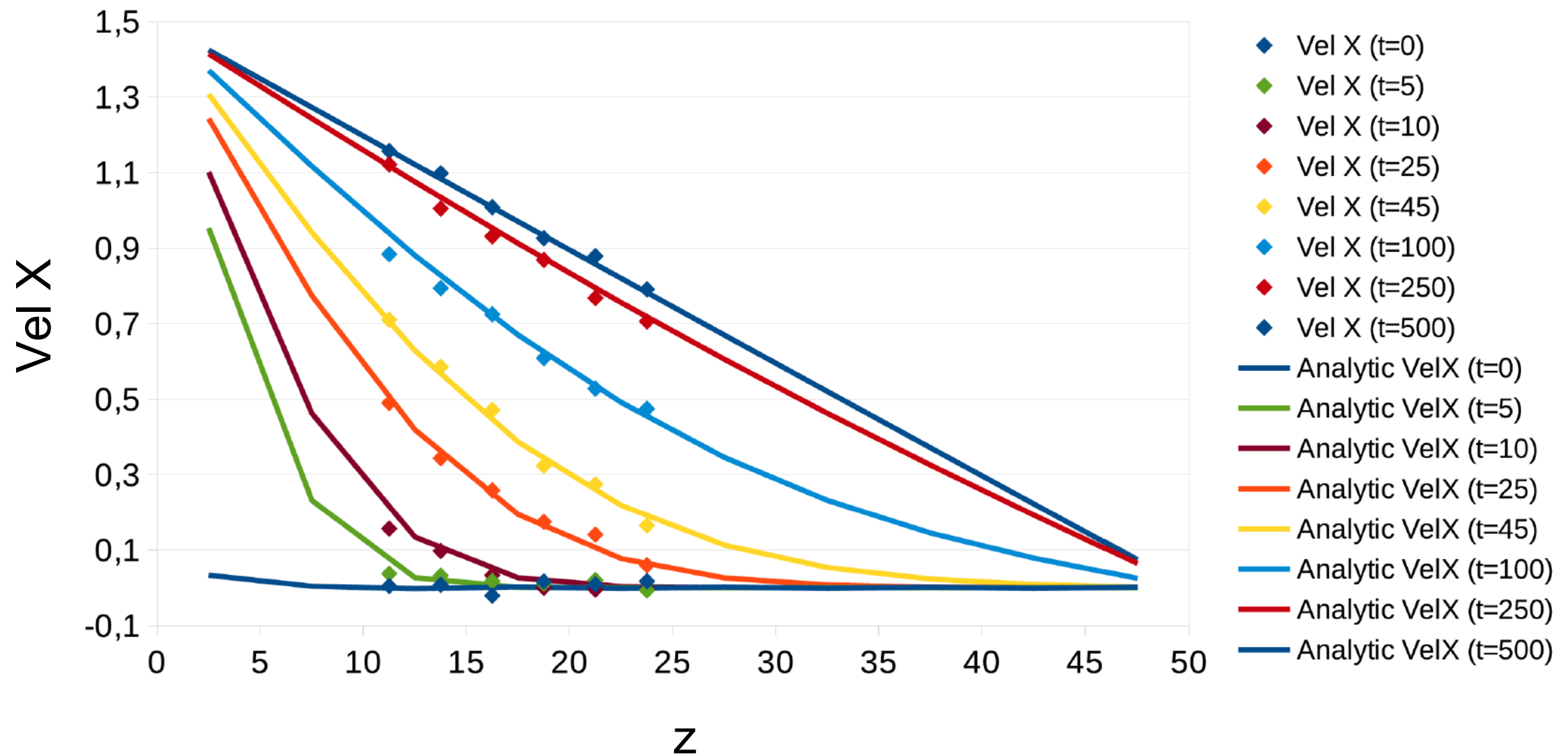
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Multi-Instance Coupling

MultiMDCellService

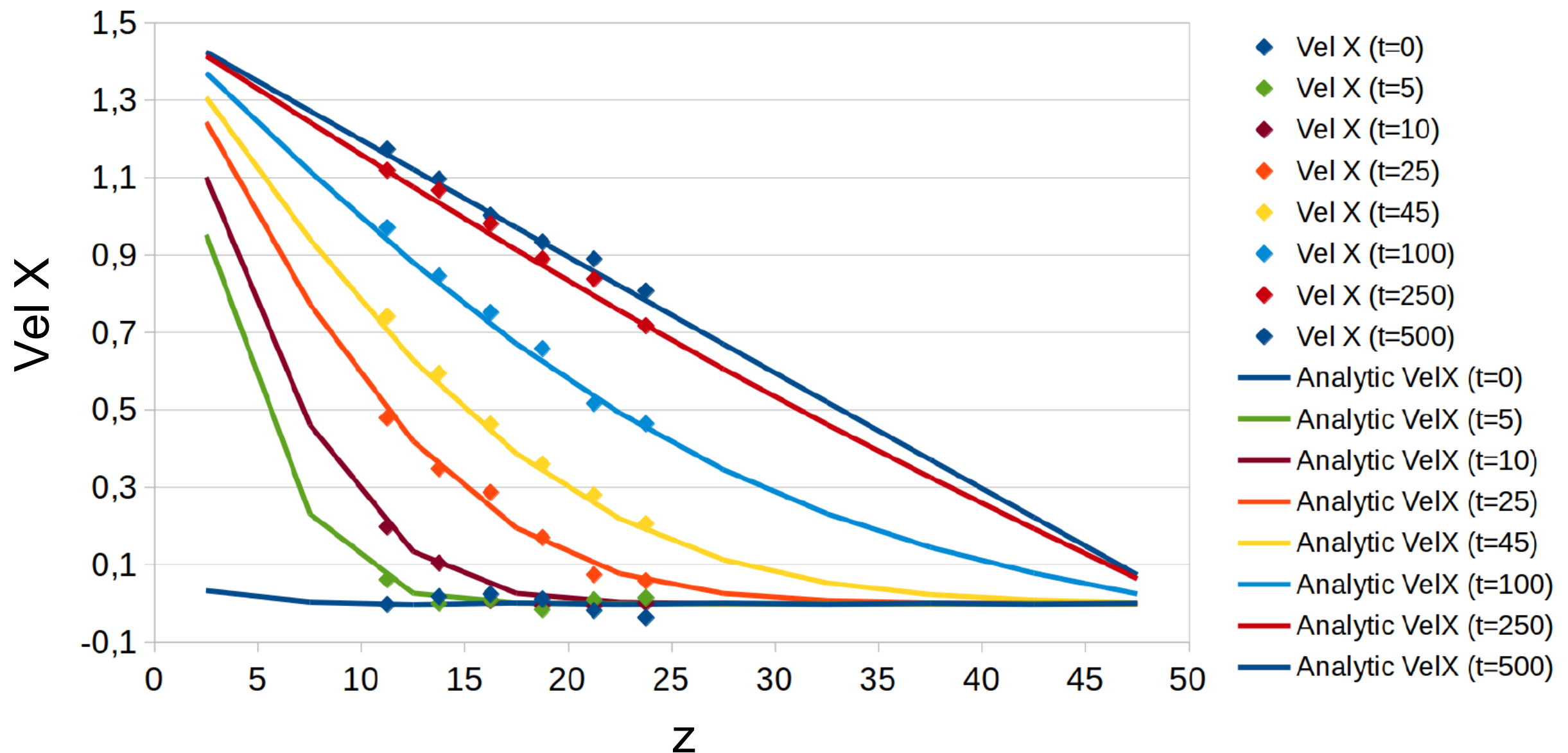


Transient Multi-Instance Coupling: Couette Flow with SimpleMD (MD-30)



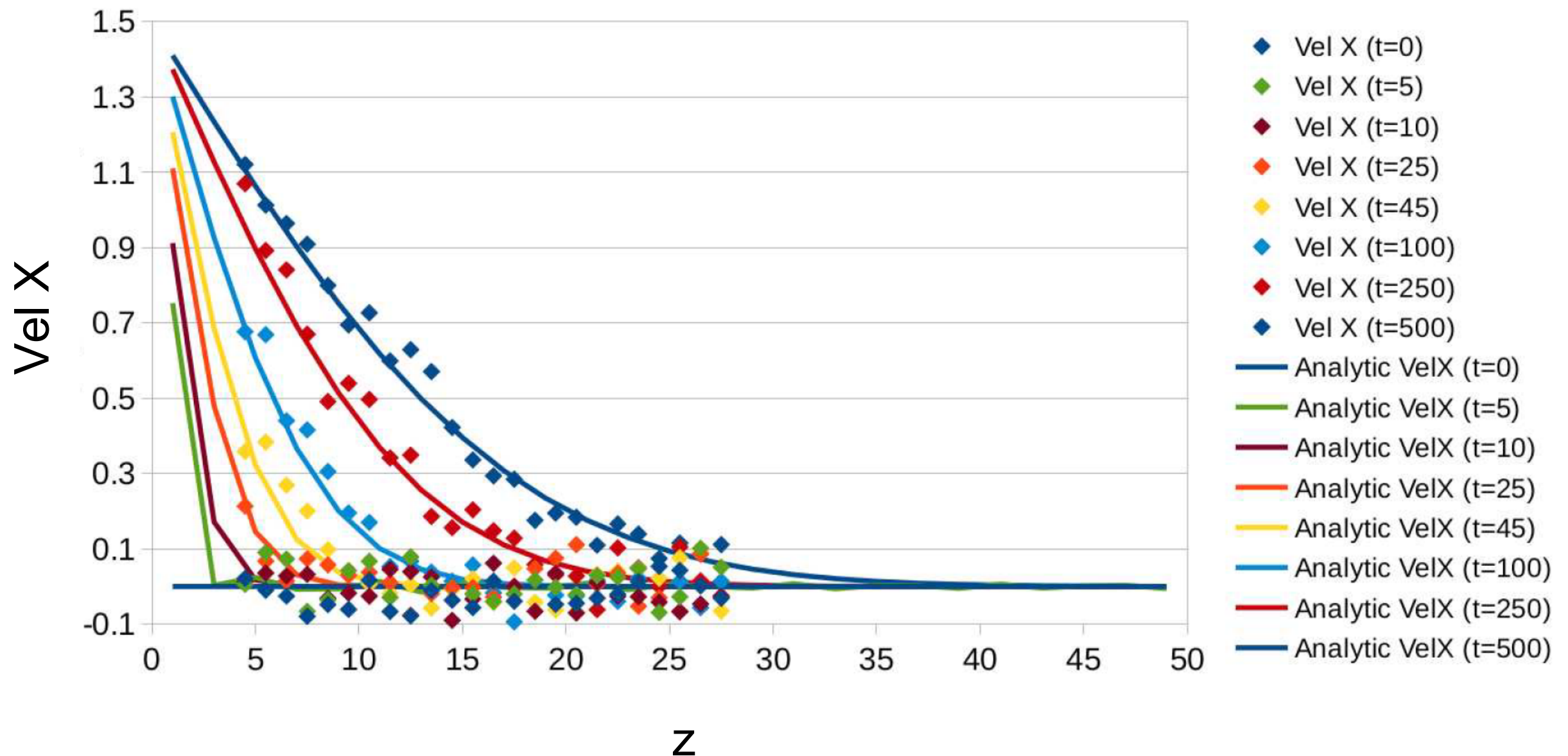
144 MD samples → “cell-local” sampling
→ exploit embarrassing parallelism

Transient Multi-Instance Coupling: Couette Flow with LAMMPS (MD-30)



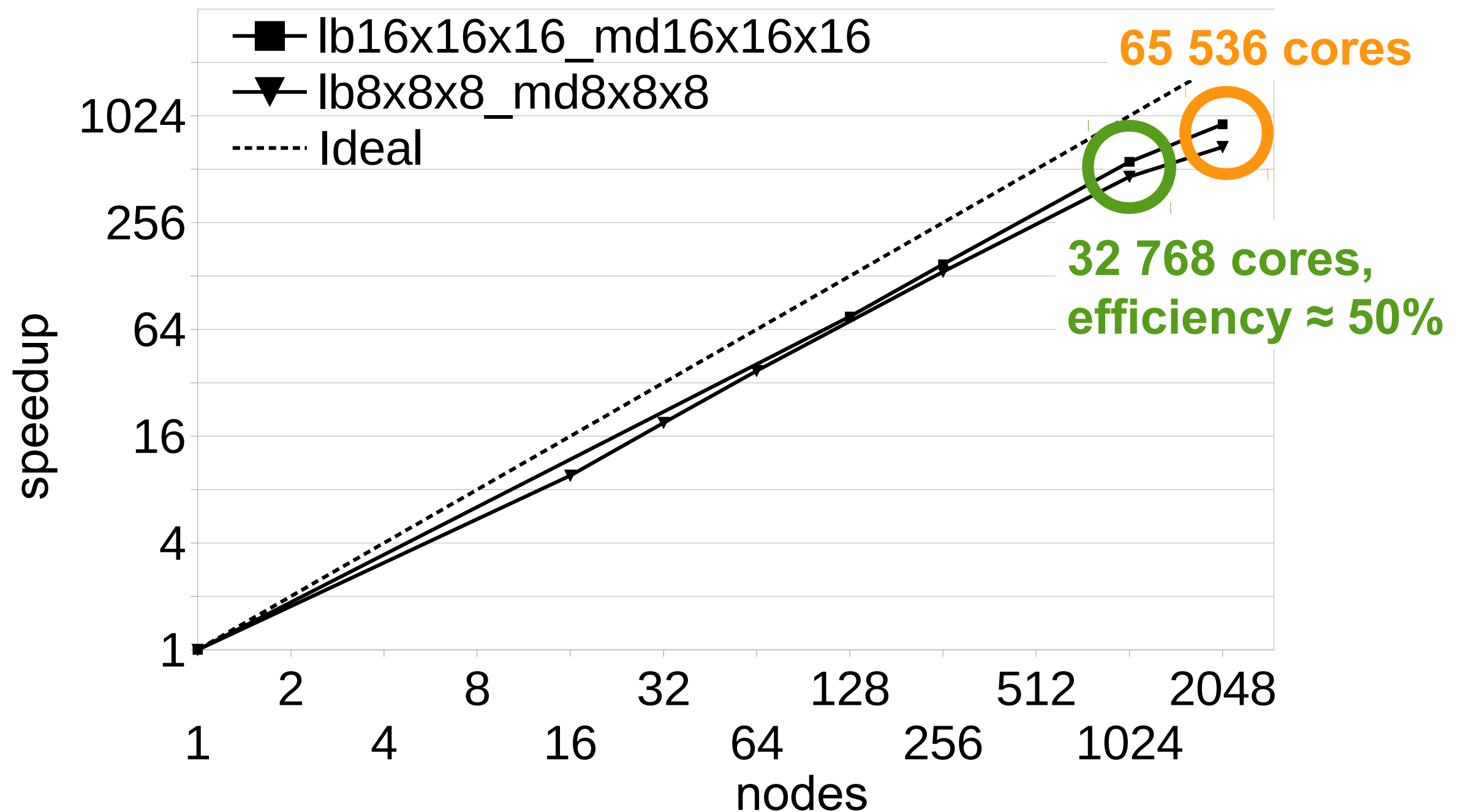
144 MD samples → “cell-local” sampling
→ exploit embarrassing parallelism

Transient Multi-Instance Coupling: Couette Flow with LAMMPS-DPD (DPD-30)



64 MD samples → “cell-local” sampling
→ exploit embarrassing parallelism

Transient Multi-Instance Coupling: Strong Scalability (SimpleMD MD-120)



Platform: KAUST Shaheen II, Intel Haswell, 1 node: 2x 16 cores

Summary

Molecular Dynamics:

- Limited in applicability, despite trillion atom run
- Towards auto-tuning → BMBF project TaLPas

MaMiCo:

- Enabling modular, flexible, fully 3D, transient mol-cont coupling
- Incorporation of data analytics (noise filters, error estimators,...)

Outlook: PIRE-DFG-NSF Revival

- (German) Partner: Mathias Krause, KIT
- Load balanced particle-fluid simulation of filtration processes
 - particles at sub-grid scale (similar to mol-cont setting)
 - particle clustering and arising computational load imbalances
 - large particle systems (high-performance computing!)
 - Re-submission of proposal soon

Thanks to

- **People:**
 - SCCS: Nikola Tchipev, Steffen Seckler
 - The *TaLPas* crew
 - Brown Univ: Xin Bian
 - Students: Hanno Flohr, Rahul Arora, Piet Jarmatz, Sergey Zakharov
- **Funding:**
 - BMBF, project *Task-Based Load Balancing and Auto-Tuning for Particle Simulations (TaLPas)*
 - BayFOR BayIntAn, project *Molecular-Continuum Simulations on Supercomputers*
- **Supercomputing projects:**
 - KAUST Supercomputing Lab, project *Hybrid Multiscale Flow Simulation*
 - LRZ, project *Massively Parallel Multiscale Simulation of Nanoflows*
 - HLRS, project *Extreme-Scale MD Simulation of Droplet Coalescence*
- **...and you for your attention!**